## New Chairs Two-day Workshop

## **Academic Departments at UC Davis**

Philip Kass
Vice Provost -- Academic Affairs

September 12-13, 2018



## **Workshop Overview---**

#### Day 1 – Morning

#### Continental breakfast

- Academic Departments
- Panel on Academic Leadership
- Provost's Budget Update (with returning chairs)

#### Lunch

## Day 1 – Afternoon

- Finance (Controller and Internal Audit)
- Recruiting and Launching New Faculty
- Panel of Current and Former Chairs

#### Reception with Deans

## **Workshop Overview--**

#### Day 2 - Morning

### **Continental Breakfast**

- Academic Advancement
- Accommodations for Students with Disabilities
- Rights & Responsibilities of Faculty
- Understanding the Privilege & Tenure Committee

#### Lunch

### Day 2 – Afternoon

- Sexual Harassment & Sexual Violence
- Managing Difficult Conversations Best Practices
- Difficult Conversations in Action

# Academic Departments Heaven, hell, or both at the same time?



## **Departmental Issues**

- Department climate and positionality
- Basic principles / Principles of Community
- Department meetings
- Voting rules
- •The 90-10 Rule revisited
- Signs of trouble
- Retention
- Work-life policies
- Emeriti
- Academic Federation
- Graduate students/ post-docs
- Undergraduate majors



# Good department climate provides a fertile context for positive change

**Climate** is the atmosphere or ambience of an organization as perceived by its members.

Climate influences whether an individual feels personally safe, listened to, valued, and *treated fairly* and with respect.

Problems with department climate are usually perceived by non-majority members and/or by those who are in the least powerful positions (*especially* non-tenured academics).



JULY 01, 2013



#### **AVMA Journals**

#### **JAVMA**

Scientific Articles

News Archives

News Photo Galleries

**Business Classifieds** 

About JAVMA

#### **AJVR**

Read AJVR

About AJVR



#### **Convention Newspaper**

**AVMA Collections** 

AVMA@Work Blog

### **JAVMA**news

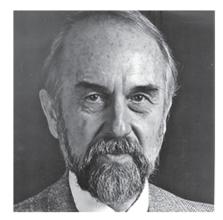
**AVMA** 

July 01, 2013

#### LEGENDS: The accidental epidemiologist

Dr. Calvin W. Schwabe fathered a generation of veterinary epidemiologists

By R. Scott Nolen
Posted June 19, 2013



Dr. Calvin W. Schwabe (Courtesy of the Dr. Calvin W. Schwabe family)

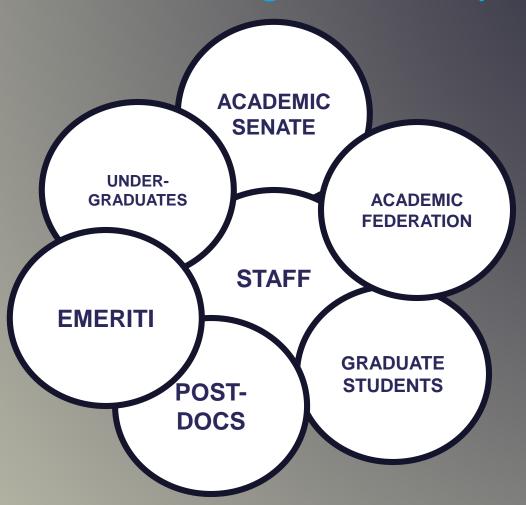
By all accounts, the late Dr. Calvin W. Schwabe was ahead of his time.

Called the father of veterinary epidemiology, Dr. Schwabe recognized the relationship between animal and public health decades before the current one-health movement.

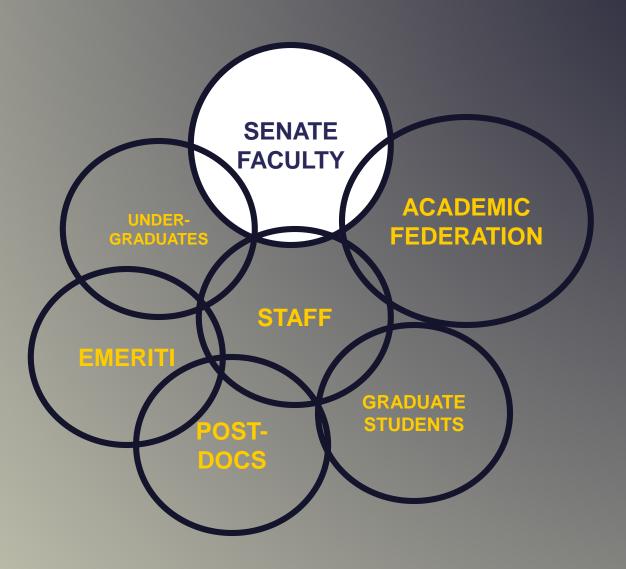
## Keys to being a good chair

- Follow the UC Davis Principles of Community
- Recognize the value added by diversity and engagement
- Be transparent and conspicuously fair
- Be available and receptive to input
- Consult early and often
- Listen first, talk later
- Honor and appreciate your staff!!!
- Protect, mentor and engage your junior faculty
- Respond courageously to problematic behavior
- Encourage the development of new leaders
- Recognize and counteract signs of bias

# Your department is a community: build bridges to everyone



## Senate faculty members play a special role



# Some ideas for core Values

(unabashedly borrowed from Robert Richman (ex-Zappos))

- o Deliver through inspiring service
- o Embrace and drive change
- o Create fun and a little weirdness
- o Be adventurous, creative and open-minded
- Build open and honest relationships with communication
- o Build a positive team and department spirit
- o Do more with less
- Be passionate and determined
- o Be humble
- o Culture drives everything

## The Department Chair sets the tone!

- Cultivate a culture of mutual respect, tolerance and high expectation
  - Facilitate the broadest possible participation in departmental affairs
- Confront challenges to building a strong community
  - o Cultural, social and intellectual inertia
  - Biases (and unawareness thereof)
  - Insufficient voice (perception = reality)
- Consider having all department members (staff and faculty)
  take the "Living the Principles of Community" online course,
  with a facilitated discussion
  (https://occr.ucdavis.edu/poc/living\_poc\_online\_course.html)

The power to do good is also the power to do harm.

Milton Friedman

## Corrosive effects of implicit biases

Implicit or unconscious biases based on long-time socialization impair the ability to accurately evaluate an individual's merit

Common biases that are repeatedly documented in social sciences research:

- Women are seen as more caring, sensitive and compliant
- Men are seen as more competent, assertive, ambitious, worthy of advancement
- Mothers are seen as less professionally motivated (although fathers are not penalized for family status)
- Women are less likely to self-promote
- Persons of color, especially under-represented minorities, are viewed as less competent



https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/

## Bullying is not just a K-12 problem





## Why is Bullying a focus for us now?

#### **Results from the 2013 Campus Climate Survey:**

- 24% of respondents have directly experienced and 22% have directly observed exclusionary/harassing/bullying behavior, and a high number of these occurred when a *power differential* existed between the perpetrator and victim.
- 48% felt isolated or left out, 46% felt deliberately ignored or excluded, and 43% felt intimidated and bullied.
- Respondents identified the sources of the conduct as: 30% coworkers, 23% students, 19% supervisors, and 17% staff or faculty

## **Trends in Higher Education Settings**

- Behaviors most frequently cited in academia involve threats to professional status, and isolating and obstructionist behavior.
   Seem to be linked "to the critical importance placed in academia on one's accomplishments, intellectual rigor, and reputation."
- Respondents reported being ordered to do work below their level of competence, being exposed to an unmanageable workload, and having their opinions and views ignored.
- Employees who spent less than 1 year and more than 20 years in their present job more often reported bullying.

Sources: Zabrodska, K. & Kveton, P. (May 2012). Prevalence and Forms of Workplace Bullying Among University Employees. Keashly, L. & Neuman, J. (March 2010). Faculty Experience with Bullying in Higher Education. Hollis, L. (December 2014). Lambs to Slaughter? Young People as the Prospective Target of Workplace Bullying in Higher Education.

## **MORE Trends in Higher Education Settings**

- The majority of bullying cases were perpetrated by a single person, rather than by two or more persons.
- Faculty members were almost twice as likely as staff to report being the victims of "mobbing" by three or more actors.
- Men are more likely to be identified as perpetrators than women. This has been explained by the fact that men typically hold more powerful positions in organizations than women.
- 71% of students face workplace bullying in higher education,
   a far higher rate than for staff or faculty

Sources: Zabrodska, K. & Kveton, P. (May 2012). Prevalence and Forms of Workplace Bullying Among University Employees. Keashly, L. & Neuman, J. (March 2010). Faculty Experience with Bullying in Higher Education. Hollis, L. (December 2014). Lambs to Slaughter? Young People as the Prospective Target of Workplace Bullying in Higher Education.

## Work team morale and productivity

- In 62% of cases, when supervisors are made aware of the problem, it actually is made worse or nothing is done— despite the fact that an estimated 21-28 million workers are lost due to bullying
- Loss of worktime due to worrying, thinking about changing jobs, filing a grievance, and avoiding the offender
- Weakened sense of commitment and reduced time spent at work
- Co-workers who witness bullying are also traumatized by the phenomenon – and are as likely as victims themselves to look for a new job

Sources: WBI (Workplace Bullying Institute) National Survey (2014); Workplace Bullying – An Economic Cancer in the American Workplace (2010).

## **Compelling Implications**

#### **Employee health and safety**

- Public health hazard for 45% of bullied targets, stress affects their health; 33% suffer for more than a year
- Increase in stress-related health care cost (Atkins)

#### **Employment practices and liability - INCREASED**

- Legal costs and settlements/awards
- Cost of managing incivility
- Absenteeism

#### Campus code of conduct

 Abrasive interactions result in disengagement from work

Sources: WBI (Workplace Bullying Institute) National Survey (2014); Workplace Bullying – An Economic Cancer in the American Workplace (2010).

## **How is UC Davis Responding?**

- We are inserting this information in all our established development sessions to encourage awareness of these issues and to increase prevention, and management when they arise.
- A lunchtime session was provided to Department chairs in 2016 and to all faculty (junior, associate, chairs) in winter 2017.
- A ½ day course is offered throughout the year, 2018-19, for staff/supervisors (making it mandatory for supervisors). This is open to all employees.
- Departments/units can request a customized session.
- NOTE: UCOP added a segment of this to all online SVSH online courses and provided a guidance document.

# **Department meetings**

## Department meetings

- How often? Cultures vary.
- O Who attends and who votes?
  - Emeriti? Academic Federation? Lecturers SOE?
  - Role of junior faculty members
  - Review and potentially update your voting rules (see Academic Senate Bylaw 55)!
- Distribute agenda, ask for additional items several days ahead
- Walk the halls and talk to individuals, especially when difficult issues are on the agenda
- Agree on rules to keep the meeting professional
- As-needed versus a regular, scheduled time?
  - Please be cognizant of family constraints avoid scheduling meetings when parents are unavailable
  - Consider staff workload

## Department meetings— Danger signs

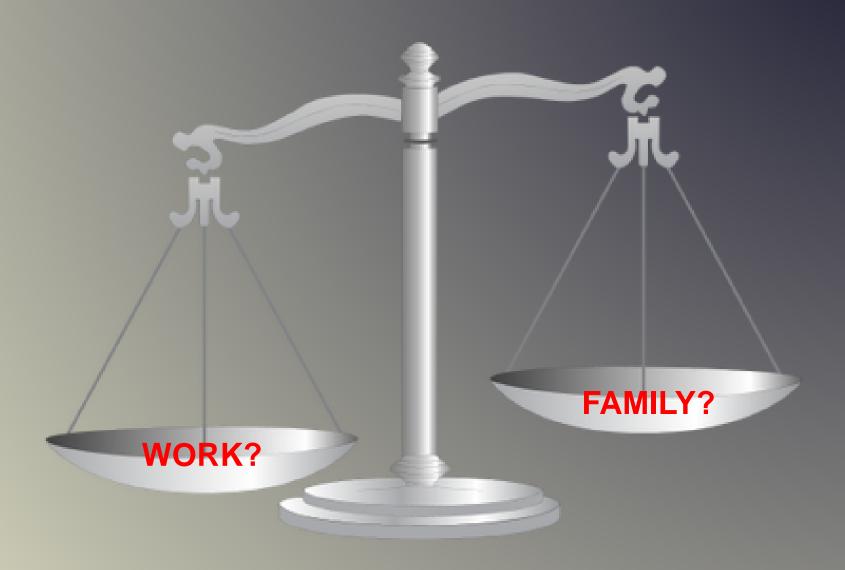
- Biases may emerge and disable broad engagement
- Some faculty are doing almost all of the talking, while other faculty are saying very little
  - Those with the loudest voices should not be allowed to have the most impact
  - Junior faculty may be afraid to speak candidly; give them an opportunity to talk with you before critical meetings
  - Attempt to draw out interaction, engagement
- Tokenism— a non-majority faculty member is treated as a representative of his or her group
- Interruption and over-talking: encourage the standard that one person speaks at a time
- Bullying, intimidation

## The 90-10 Rule



- "Rotten apples" can destroy departments
- For current faculty, document issues and interactions of concern
  - Consult with Dean, Academic Affairs
  - o Follow up with an email after a difficult conversation
  - Consider describing impacts of behavior on teaching, mentoring, research, service in department or chair letter in advancement dossier

## A difficult choice for the Academic



## Department climate is critical to retention

Data from O'Meara et al. 2015, Journal of Higher Education

Primary reason for a faculty member's departure	What administrators think was primary cause	What the faculty member says (exit interview)
A better opportunity	37%	8%
Imminent failure	10%	15%
Work environment and "fit". *	25%	69%
Location, family considerations	29%	8%

\* "Fit" ≈ department climate: potential for better work-life balance, campus climate for women or other non-majorities, lack of collegiality in home unit

## UC DAVIS Work-Life policies

- Work-life helps with both recruitment and retention of diverse faculty.
- Chairs/Directors set the tone. Chairs/Directors & Managers should provide information about the program, encourage faculty to use the program, and educate members of the department about the program to help change the culture. Please contact the Director of Faculty Relations and Development in our office, and our Work-Life advisors, for any questions about these programs and policies.
- See brochure and further Work Life Information: <a href="https://academicaffairs.ucdavis.edu/programs/work-life/index.html">https://academicaffairs.ucdavis.edu/programs/work-life/index.html</a>

# Extending the tenure clock / postponement of a merit action

- Extending the Tenure Clock APM 133-17-h (2 years maximum)
  - Significant illness of self or immediate family member
  - Childbearing/rearing (1 year per birth/adoption event)
  - Catastrophic research infrastructure delay or failure
  - Ensure that eligible faculty request clock extensions when the event occurs, even if they don't think they will need to use the extra time
  - Ensure that voting faculty know these extensions are not pejorative ... standard language is provided by AA.

Recent changes in APIVI 133 make extensions for childbirth or child adoption automatic

# Extending the tenure clock / postponement of a merit action

- These practices increase tenure success, but can have consequences for lifetime earnings
- Post-tenure postponement for childbearing/ rearing/significant illness
  - O Postponement requests required
- Language to use in support of postponements for childbearing and child placement or adoption: https://academicaffairs.ucdavis.edu/programs/worklife/index.html

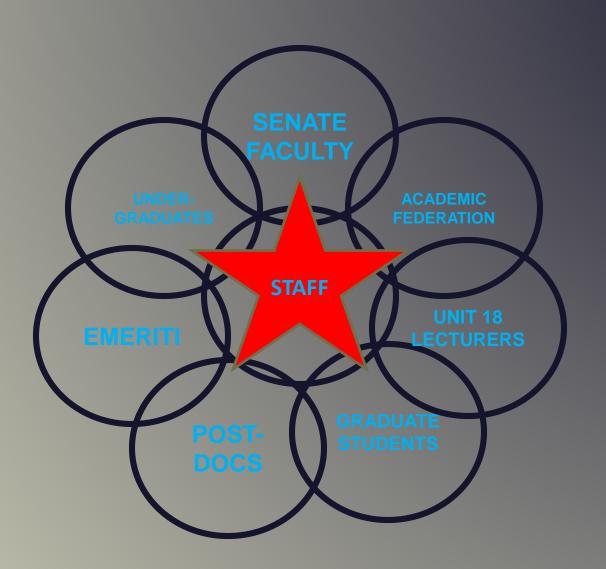
# Child-bearing leave and Active Service/Modified Duties (ASMD)

- For the first affected academic term, one quarter/semester of leave for the female faculty member who gives birth or for the faculty parent who has 50% or more responsibility for the newly adopted/placed child. Or: six weeks of leave for the female faculty member who gives birth and the rest of the quarter on ASMD if she doesn't want all quarter as leave) strongly encourage pregnant faculty to reach out to Director, Faculty Relations and Development in Academic Affairs for guidance on potential options
  - Replacement teaching funds are provided centrally for all scheduled courses during the first quarter/semester.
- An additional quarter of ASMD is provided for one faculty parent (male or female) with 50% or more care of the child.
  - Replacement teaching funds are provided centrally for one course during the ASMD quarter/semester.

## Additional childbirth and childcare benefits

- If there are two or more children born or adopted within a short time interval, then an additional quarter of ASMD (for a total of 2 quarters of ASMD) is provided.\*
- If both parents are faculty members, then one can have the quarter of leave and both can each have a quarter of ASMD, as long as they confirm that each will have 50% or more care of the child during that time.\*
- May be eligible to go part-time for family issues (MOU to be created for each case), with option to return to full-time position

\*Unique features of UC Davis' work-life program



## You are nothing without your staff

- Cultivate an excellent and collegial relationship with your key staff, especially the CAO / MSO
- Be an active partner in recruiting and evaluating new staff members
- Provide awards for staff who deserve recognition
- Host holiday lunches, consider a department appreciation event
- Recognize the ever-increasing workload, and be an advocate for your staff at the dean's level
- If there are problems, consult with HR sooner than later
- Be on guard for disrespectful treatment of staff

## Emeriti

- Can be valuable members of the department, and should be informed of all meetings
- Some departments allow emeriti to vote pros and cons
- Are eligible for office and laboratory space
- "Research Professor"- available as a working title for emeriti active in research
- 30 days post-retirement, emeriti can be recalled for teaching, research or service
  - Do not discuss recall with faculty member < 60 years old</li>
  - Small grants from Retiree Center can sometimes cover part of cost
  - Income cannot exceed 43% of retirement base pay
  - A tricky issue generally, avoid the use of research accounts, and do
     NOT use research accounts to exceed 43% "compensation"
  - Recalls are at the discretion of the department

## **Academic Federation**

#### Varied titles, varied roles, including...

- Academic Administrators and Academic Coordinators
- Adjunct Professors
- Health Sciences Clinical Professors
- Researchers
  - Specialists, Project Scientists, Professional Researchers
- Specialists in Cooperative Extension
- Unit 18 Lecturers
- AF members are academics, not staff, and have a well-developed peer organization at UC Davis
- Establish a Peer Group and a Voting Group for merits, promotions
- O Unit 18 Lecturers:
  - excellent teaching expected
  - Acceleration for awards and superior pedagogical research/dissemination
- Researchers—study APM and AA guidelines at appointment
  - All expected to have PhD/MD (or comparable experience) except Specialists
  - Require academic achievement (and mentorship) to advance

## Graduate students / Post-docs

- Are often an under-utilized departmental resource
- Consider participation on search committees and other work/advisory groups
- The department, not the graduate group, is the environment in which these early-career scholars work
  - Grad students are a population that is especially vulnerable to the impacts of poor faculty mentors, harassment, etc.
  - Serious mentorship / harassment problems may require intervention by the department chair
- Work-Life issues are HUGE in this group: consider ways to accommodate needs/schedules of parents

## Collaboration with Graduate Group Chairs

- Teaching/service needs at both graduate and undergraduate levels must be met
- Lack of clear one-to-one mapping between departments and graduate groups can make this a challenge
  - Consult early with key grad group chairs
  - Collaborate on teaching responsibilities
- Mentorship / misconduct issues— the lab/research group is a departmental entity, so collaboration with grad group chairs on problems involving grad student mentorship is essential

## Undergraduate majors

- Can be valuable members of the department community
- Peer advisers provide a key link between faculty and students
- Potential areas for engagement
  - "Testing" of department website
  - Club activities
  - Organize faculty/grad student presentations on research opportunities
  - Request seminars
- Other considerations
  - Tracking and engaging student alumni
  - Assessment of program effectiveness



Search Academic Affairs











# Academic Affairs

Serving the professional Academic Community at UC Davis

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People •

Your Resources |

Policies **•** 

Programs >

Tools ►

Training •

**Honors** ▶

Diversity & Equity >

#### **Quick Links**

Academic Employment Opportunities (RECRUIT)

Academic Personnel Manual

Annual Call

Attributes Chart

Deans, Directors & Department Chairs List

Delegations of Authority

**FAQs** 

MOUs

Salary Scales

Step Plus System

**UCD Policy &** Procedures Manual (PPM)

#### Academic Affairs

Fifth Floor Mrak Hall



#### **Upcoming Events**

2015-16 New Faculty Brown **Bag Schedule** 

2015-16 Department Chairs Brown Bag Schedule

2015-16 Associate Professor Brown Bag Schedule

#### Recent Academic Advisories sent to the Deans

AA2015-06 - Academic **Enrichment Accounts** (6/29/15, Supersedes previous version issued 6/18/15)

AA2015-05 - Recruitment

#### What's New

- · 2015-16 Annual Call for Academic Personnel Advancement Actions
- Step Plus PPS Data Entry Guidelines
- · VP Stanton's Step Plus Presentation regarding voting and ballots (PDF)
- Ebola Advisory
- · New Extramural Letter Requirements
- 2014-15 Annual Call for Unit 18 Members
- Position Planning Tool
- Step Plus System
- · Capital Resource Network
- Step Plus Orientation Presentation (PDF) March 5, 2014
- 2014-15 Call for Chancellor's Postdoctoral **Fellow Applications**
- · 2015-16 New Faculty Brown Bag Schedule

#### Discussion